Memorandum



To: North Carolina District Partners

From: NWEA Psychometrics and Analytics

Date: November 24, 2025

Subject: Predicting Proficiency on the North Carolina End-of-Course (NC EOC)

Assessments

These tables provide the Level 3 cut scores for NC EOC Math 1 and can be used to predict a student's likelihood of meeting proficiency on the NC EOC assessments based on MAP Growth RIT scores if taken in the fall, winter, or spring. Bold numbers indicate the cut scores considered to be at least proficient for accountability purposes.

Table 1. MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ to NC EOC Math 1

| Grade | Assessment | Fall RIT | Winter RIT | Spring RIT | Spring Percentile |
|-------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 7 | MAP Growth | 235 –246 | 240 –251 | 242 –253 | 83–93 |
| 8 | MAP Growth | 235 –246 | 240 –251 | 242 –253 | 74–88 |
| 9 | MAP Growth | 240 –251 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 73–87 |
| 10 | MAP Growth | 239 –251 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 68–84 |
| 11 | MAP Growth | 239 –250 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 65–81 |

Table 2. MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 to NC EOC Math 1

| Assessment | Fall RIT | Winter RIT | Spring RIT | Spring Percentile |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| MAP Growth | 236 –246 | 239 –250 | 241 –252 | 70–86 |



Predicting Proficiency on the North Carolina End-of-Course (NC EOC) Math 1 Assessment

These tables provide the Level 3 cut scores for NC EOC Math 1 and can be used to predict a student's likelihood of meeting proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment based on MAP Growth RIT scores if taken in the fall, winter, or spring. Bold numbers indicate the cut scores considered to be at least proficient for accountability purposes.

MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ to NC EOC Math 1

| Grade | Assessment | Fall RIT | Winter RIT | Spring RIT | Spring Percentile |
|-------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 7 | MAP Growth | 235 –246 | 240 –251 | 242 –253 | 83–93 |
| 8 | MAP Growth | 235 –246 | 240 –251 | 242 –253 | 74–88 |
| 9 | MAP Growth | 240 –251 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 73–87 |
| 10 | MAP Growth | 239 –251 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 68–84 |
| 11 | MAP Growth | 239 –250 | 241 –252 | 242 –253 | 65–81 |

MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 to NC EOC Math 1

| Assessment | Assessment Fall RIT | | Spring RIT | Spring Percentile | |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| MAP Growth | 236 –246 | 239 –250 | 241 –252 | 70–86 | |



Predicting Proficiency on the North Carolina End-of-Course (NC EOC) Assessments based on NWEA MAP Growth Scores

July 2023

NWEA Psychometric Solutions



Linking Study Updates

| Date | Description | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2023-07-05 | Initial study conducted for NC EOC using Spring 2022 data. | | | | |

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Executive Summary

Linking studies allow partners to use MAP® Growth™ RIT scores throughout the year to predict their students' likely achievement levels on the state summative assessment. This is accomplished through statistical analyses that produce RIT cut scores corresponding to the state summative achievement levels. A *cut score* is the minimum score a student must get on a test to be placed at a certain achievement level. The linking study for the North Carolina End-of-Course (NC EOC) Math 1 described in this report provides RIT cut scores for the fall, winter, and spring MAP Growth administrations that correspond to the NC EOC achievement levels for each subject and grade.

The linking study is based on test scores from students who took both the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ or Integrated Math 1 and NC EOC Math 1 assessments in Spring 2022 for the targeted grades. The linking study sample included approximately 3,798 students across 3 districts and 52 schools in North Carolina. Scores from both tests were used as the basis for linking the two assessments.

Before the linking analyses began, NWEA confirmed that the MAP Growth and NC EOC assessments are aligned to the same or similar set of content standards to warrant a connection. The test links were further investigated by calculating the Pearson correlation coefficients that describe the relationship between the specific MAP Growth and NC EOC test scores. At NWEA, we consider a correlation of $r \ge 0.70$ as "high" correlation. This indicates that students who perform well on one assessment also tend to perform well on the other, and vice versa. A perfect positive correlation is 1.00. As shown in Figure E.1, the correlation between the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ and NC EOC Math 1 test scores from Spring is 0.68. While this value indicates a positive relationship between the two tests, it falls slightly below our threshold of 0.70. In contrast, the correlation between the MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 and NC EOC Math 1 assessments is 0.74, suggesting that MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 is a better predictor of performance on the NC EOC Math test compared to Mathematics 6+.

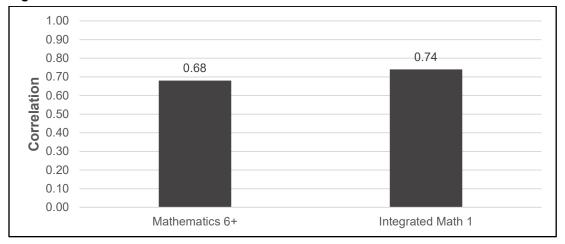


Figure E.1. Correlations between MAP Growth and NC EOC Test Scores

The equipercentile linking method (Kolen & Brennan, 2004) and the NWEA 2022 MAP Growth course-specific norms (He, 2022) were then used to produce the RIT cut scores that correspond to performance on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment for every subject and grade. While RIT cut

scores were generated for every performance level on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment, Table E.1 presents the *Level 3* cut scores that indicate the minimum score a student must get to be considered proficient (reaching *Level 3* or higher).

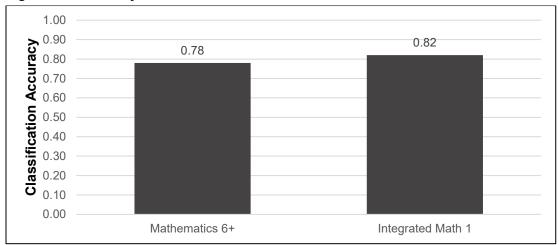
Table E.1. MAP Growth RIT Cut Scores for NC EOC Math 1 Proficiency

| | | | Level 3 Cut Scores by Grade | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Assessment | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | | |
| NC EO | NC EOC Spring | | | 548 | | | |
| | Fall | 233 | 235 | 237 | 237 | 238 | |
| MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ | Winter | 237 | 238 | 239 | 239 | 239 | |
| Mathomatico 0 | Spring | 240 | 240 | 240 | 240 | 240 | |
| | Fall | | | 236 | | | |
| MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 | Winter | | | 239 | | | |
| | Spring | | | 241 | | | |

Educators can use these cut scores to determine whether students are likely on track for proficiency on the state assessment. For example, the *Level 3* cut score on the Grade 3 NC EOC Math 1 test is 548. A Grade 8 student who took the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ test in fall and scored 235 is likely to meet expectations on the NC EOC Math 1 test in the spring, whereas if the student scored lower than 235, they would be in jeopardy of not meeting proficiency by spring.

As further evidence that MAP Growth scores can be used to predict students' proficiency on the state test, NWEA calculated classification accuracy statistics that show how well the RIT cuts correctly classified students as proficient on the state EOC tests. Figure E.2 shows the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ *Level 3* cut score has a 0.78 accuracy rate, meaning it accurately predicted student achievement on the state test for 78% of the sample. Similarly, the MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 *Level 3* cut score has a 0.82 classification accuracy rate. These results indicate that MAP Growth scores have a high accuracy rate of identifying student proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 test.

Figure E.2. Accuracy of MAP Growth Classifications



Please note that the purpose of this report is to explain NWEA's linking study methodology. It is not meant as the main reference for determining a student's likely performance on the state summative assessment. The cut scores in this report are based on the default instructional weeks most encountered for each term (i.e., Weeks 4, 20, and 32 for fall, winter, and spring), whereas instructional weeks often vary by district. The cut scores in this report may therefore differ from the results in the NWEA reporting system that reflect the specific instructional weeks set by partners. Partners should therefore reference their MAP Growth score reports instead.

1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose of the Study

NWEA® is committed to providing partners with useful tools to help make inferences about student learning from MAP® Growth™ test scores. One important use of MAP Growth results is to predict a student's performance on the state summative assessment at different times throughout the year. This allows educators and parents to determine if a student is on track in their learning to meet state standards by the end of the year or, given a student's learning profile, is on track to obtain rigorous, realistic growth in their content knowledge and skills.

This document presents results from a linking study conducted by NWEA to statistically connect the scores of the North Carolina End-of-Course (NC EOC) Math 1 assessment with Rasch Unit (RIT) scores from the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ and Integrated Math 1 taken during the Spring 2022 term. This report presents the following results:

- 1. Student sample demographics
- 2. Descriptive statistics of test scores
- 3. MAP Growth cut scores from fall, winter, and spring that correspond to the achievement levels on the spring NC EOC Math 1 assessment
- 4. Classification accuracy statistics to determine the degree to which MAP Growth accurately predicts student proficiency status on the NC EOC Math 1 tests
- 5. The probability of achieving grade-level proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment based on MAP Growth RIT scores from fall, winter, and spring

1.2. Assessment Overview

The NC EOC Math 1 assessment is part of North Carolina's state summative assessment system aligned to the North Carolina Standard Course of Study (NCSCOS). Based on their test scores, students are placed into one of four achievement levels: *Not Proficient*, *Level 3*, *Level 4*, and *Level 5*. The *Level 3* cut score demarks the minimum level of performance considered to be proficient for state accountability purposes.

MAP Growth tests are adaptive interim assessments aligned to state-specific content standards and administered in the fall, winter, and spring. Scores are reported on the RIT vertical scale with a range of 100 to 350. NWEA conducts norming studies of student and school performance on MAP Growth assessments to aid the interpretation of scores. Growth norms provide expected score gains for a test from term to term, such as from fall to spring terms. The most recent course-specific norms study was completed in 2022 and published in Summer 2023.

2. Methods

2.1. Data Collection

This linking study is based on data from the Spring 2022 administrations of the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ and Integrated Math 1 and NC EOC Math 1 assessments. NWEA recruited North Carolina districts to participate in the study by sharing their student and score data for the target term. Districts also gave NWEA permission to use their students' MAP Growth scores from the NWEA in-house database. Once state score information was received by NWEA, each student's state testing record was matched to their MAP Growth score based on the student's first and last names, date of birth, student ID, and other available identifying information. Only students who took both the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ or Integrated Math 1 assessments and the NC EOC Math 1 assessments in Spring 2022 were included in the study sample.

2.2. Post-Stratification Weighting

Post-stratification weights were applied to the calculations to ensure that the linking study sample represented the state's test-taking student population in terms of race, sex, and achievement level. These variables were selected because they are known to be correlated with students' academic achievement and are often available in state summative assessment reports. The weighted sample will match the target population as closely as possible on the key demographics and performance characteristics as defined by the state.

A raking procedure was used to calculate the post-stratification weights that either compensate for the underrepresentation of certain groups or attenuate the overrepresentation of certain groups. Raking uses iterative procedures to obtain weights that match sample marginal distributions to known population margins. The following steps were taken during this process:

- 1. Calculate marginal distributions of race, sex, and achievement level for the sample and population.
- 2. Calculate post-stratification weights with the rake function from the survey package in R (Lumley, 2019).
- 3. Trim the weights that are outside the range of 0.3 to 3.0.
- 4. Apply the weights to the sample before conducting the linking study analyses.

2.3. Descriptive Statistics

Descriptive statistics are provided to summarize the test scores for both the MAP Growth and NC EOC Math 1 assessments, including the test score mean, standard deviation (SD), minimum, and maximum. The mean presents the average test scores across all students in the study sample, and the SD indicates the variability of test scores, revealing how students' scores are distributed around the average score, or mean. Correlation coefficients between the MAP Growth RIT scores and NC EOC scores are also provided to answer the question, "How well do the test scores from MAP Growth that reference the RIT scale correlate to the scores obtained from the NC EOC test that references some other scale in the same subject?" The correlations were calculated as follows:

$$r = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2 \sum (y_i - \overline{y})^2}}$$
(1)

where r is the correlation coefficient, x_i and y_i are the values of the x- and y-variables in a sample, and \overline{x} and \overline{y} are the mean of the values of the x- and y-variables.

2.4. MAP Growth Cut Scores

MAP Growth cut scores that predict student achievement on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment are reported for Grades 7–11. Since the NC EOC Math 1 test is not grade-dependent (i.e., any student can take the assessment once they finish the course), the spring RIT cuts were established based on all the students in the study sample regardless of their grades. Fall and winter RIT cut scores were then projected using the 2022 course-specific growth norms, conditional on the spring RIT cuts. When reporting results for the MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ assessment, the RIT cuts for Grades 7–11 were included because it is common for students in this grade range to take this assessment. In contrast, with the MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 test, the overall RIT cuts were reported independent of grade level.

Percentile ranks are based on the 2022 norms. These are useful for understanding how students' scores compare to peers nationwide and the relative rigor of a state's achievement level designations for its summative assessment.

The equipercentile linking method was used to identify the spring MAP Growth RIT scores that correspond to the spring NC EOC Math 1 achievement level cut scores. The equipercentile linking procedure matches scores on the two scales that have the same percentile rank (i.e., the proportion of tests at or below each score). For example, let x represent a score on Test X (e.g., NC EOC). Its equipercentile equivalent score on Test Y (e.g., MAP Growth), $e_y(x)$, can be obtained through a cumulative-distribution-based linking function defined in Equation 1:

$$e_y(x) = G^{-1}[P(x)]$$
 (1)

where $e_y(x)$ is the equipercentile equivalent of score x on NC EOC on the scale of MAP Growth, P(x) is the percentile rank of a given score on NC EOC, and G^{-1} is the inverse of the percentile rank function for MAP Growth that indicates the score on MAP Growth corresponding to a given percentile. Polynomial loglinear pre-smoothing was applied to reduce irregularities of the score distributions and equipercentile linking curve.

The MAP Growth conditional growth norms provide students' expected score gains across terms, such as growth from fall to spring within the same grade or from spring of a lower grade to spring of the adjacent higher grade. This information was used to calculate the fall and winter cut scores. Equation 2 was used to determine the previous terms or grades MAP Growth score needed to reach the spring cut score, considering the expected growth associated with the previous RIT score:

$$RIT_{PredSpring} = RIT_{previous} + g$$
 (2)

where:

- *RIT*_{PredSpring} is the predicted MAP Growth spring score.
- *RIT*_{previous} is the previous terms or grades RIT score.
- *g* is the expected growth from the previous fall or winter RIT to the spring RIT score.

2.5. Classification Accuracy

The degree to which MAP Growth predicts student proficiency status on the NC EOC Math 1 tests can be described using classification accuracy statistics based on the MAP Growth spring RIT cut scores. The results show the proportion of students correctly classified by their RIT scores as proficient or not proficient on the NC EOC Math 1 test. Table 2.1 describes the classification accuracy statistics provided in this report (Pommerich et al., 2004).

Table 2.1. Description of Classification Accuracy Summary Statistics

| Statistic | Description* | Interpretation |
|--|---|--|
| Overall Classification Accuracy Rate | (TP + TN) / (total sample size) | Proportion of the study sample whose proficiency classification on the state test was correctly predicted by MAP Growth cut scores |
| False Negative (FN) Rate | FN / (FN + TP) | Proportion of not-proficient students identified by MAP Growth in those observed as proficient on the state test |
| False Positive (FP) Rate | FP / (FP + TN) | Proportion of proficient students identified by MAP Growth in those observed as not proficient on the state test |
| Sensitivity | TP / (TP + FN) | Proportion of proficient students identified by MAP Growth in those observed as such on the state test |
| Specificity | TN / (TN + FP) | Proportion of not-proficient students identified by MAP Growth in those observed as such on the state test |
| Precision | TP / (TP + FP) | Proportion of observed proficient students on the state test in those identified as such by the MAP Growth test |
| Area Under the Curve (AUC) | Area under the receiver operating characteristics (ROC) curve | How well MAP Growth cut scores separate the study sample into proficiency categories that match those from the state test cut scores. An AUC at or above 0.80 is considered "good" accuracy. |

^{*}FP = false positives. FN = false negatives. TP = true positives. TN = true negatives.

2.6. Proficiency Projections

Given that all test scores contain measurement errors, reaching the *Level 3* RIT cut does not guarantee that the student is proficient at the state test. Instead, we can claim that a student with the RIT cut score has a 50% chance of reaching proficiency on the state test, with their chances increasing the greater their score is from the cut. The proficiency projections indicate these probabilities for various RIT scores throughout the year.

In addition to calculating the MAP Growth fall and winter cut scores, the MAP Growth conditional growth norms data were also used to calculate the probability of reaching proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 test in the spring based on a student's RIT scores from fall, winter, and spring. Equation 3 was used to calculate the probability of a student achieving *Level 3* performance on the NC EOC Math 1 test based on their fall or winter RIT score:

$$Pr(Achieving\ Level\ 3\ in\ spring |\ starting\ RIT) = \Phi\left(\frac{RIT_{previous} + g - RIT_{SpringCut}}{SD}\right)$$
 (3)

where:

- Φ is the standard normal cumulative distribution function.
- *RIT*_{previous} is the student's RIT score in fall or winter.
- *g* is the expected growth from the previous fall or winter RIT to the spring RIT.
- RIT_{SpringCut} is the MAP Growth cut score associated with state proficiency spring.
- SD is the conditional standard deviation of the expected growth, g.

Equation 4 was used to estimate the probability of a student achieving *Level 3* performance on the NC EOC Math 1 test based on their spring RIT score (RIT_{Spring}):

$$Pr(Achieving\ Level\ 3\ in\ spring\ |\ spring\ RIT) = \Phi\left(\frac{RIT_{Spring} - RIT_{SpringCut}}{SE}\right)$$
 (4)

where SE is the standard error of measurement for MAP Growth.

3. Results

3.1. Study Sample

Only students who took both the MAP Growth and NC EOC Math 1 assessments in Spring 2022 for the targeted subjects were included in the sample. Data were collected from 3 districts and 52 schools in North Carolina across the sample. Table 3.1 presents the distributions of student race, sex, and achievement level of the NC EOC Math 1 student population and both the unweighted and weighted linking study samples. Since the original unweighted study sample is different from the target NC EOC Math 1 population, post-stratification weights were applied. Table 3.1 presents the demographic distributions of the final analytic samples after weighting are almost identical to the NC EOC Math 1 student population distributions.

Table 3.1. Linking Study Sample Demographics

| Linking Study Sample | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | | %Students by Sample | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Unweighte | d Samples | Weighted Samples | | | | | |
| Demo | graphic Subgroup | NC Population* | Integrated Math 1 | Math 6+ | Integrated Math 1 | Math 6+ | | | | |
| | Total N-Count | 95,294 | 937 | 2,861 | 937 | 2,861 | | | | |
| | American Indian or Alaska Native | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | | | | |
| | Asian, NHOPI | 2.0 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | | | | |
| Race | Black | 28.0 | 17.4 | 24.3 | 28.0 | 28.0 | | | | |
| | Hispanic/Latino any race | 24.0 | 17.8 | 19.0 | 24.0 | 24.0 | | | | |
| | Two or More Races | 5.1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 5.1 | | | | |
| | White | 39.7 | 51.0 | 43.2 | 39.7 | 39.7 | | | | |
| C-v | Female | 47.9 | 52.4 | 53.1 | 47.9 | 47.9 | | | | |
| Sex | Male | 52.1 | 47.6 | 46.9 | 52.1 | 52.1 | | | | |
| | Not Proficient | 66.9 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 66.9 | 66.9 | | | | |
| Achievement | Level 3 | 22.4 | 26.5 | 27.6 | 22.4 | 22.4 | | | | |
| Level | Level 4 | 9.5 | 37.9 | 38.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | | | | |
| | Level 5 | 1.2 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | | | | |

^{*}The number of students who took the NC EOC Math 1 assessment in Spring 2022.

3.2. Descriptive Statistics

Table 3.2 presents descriptive statistics of the MAP Growth and NC EOC test scores from Spring 2022, including the correlation coefficient (*r*) between them. The correlations between the scores are 0.68 and 0.74. These values indicate a relatively high positive correlation among the scores, which is important validity evidence for the claim that MAP Growth scores are good predictors of performance on the NC EOC Math 1 assessments.

Table 3.2. Descriptive Statistics of Test Scores

| Sample | N | r | Mean | Standard Deviation | Minimum | Maximum |
|-----------------------|-------|------|-------|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| NC EOC Math 1 | 2.861 | 0.68 | 545.8 | 7 | 530 | 575 |
| MAP Mathematics 6+ | 2,001 | 0.00 | 234.4 | 14 | 164 | 301 |
| NC EOC Math 1 | 937 | 0.74 | 546 | 6.9 | 530 | 575 |
| MAP Integrated Math 1 | 931 | | 236.9 | 12.3 | 209 | 298 |

3.3. MAP Growth Cut Scores

Table 3.3 and Table 3.4 present the NC EOC Math 1 scale score ranges and the corresponding MAP Growth RIT cut scores and percentile ranges. Bolded numbers highlight the cut scores considered to be proficient. These tables can be used to gauge a student's likely achievement level on the NC EOC Math 1 spring assessment when MAP Growth is taken in the fall, winter, or spring. For example, a Grade 8 student who obtained a MAP Growth Mathematics 6+ RIT score of 235 in the fall is likely to achieve *Level 3* performance on the NC EOC Math 1 test in the spring. The same is true for a Grade 8 student who obtained a MAP Growth RIT score of 240 in the spring. The spring cut score is higher than the fall cut score because of expected growth during the school year as students receive more instruction.

Within this report, the cut scores for fall and winter are derived from the spring cuts and the typical growth scores from fall-to-spring or winter-to-spring. The typical growth scores are based on the default instructional weeks most encountered for each term (Weeks 4, 20, and 32 for fall, winter, and spring, respectively). Since instructional weeks often vary by district, the cut scores in this report may differ slightly from the MAP Growth score reports that reflect instructional weeks set by partners. If the actual instructional weeks deviate substantially from the default, a student's expected achievement level could be different from the projections presented in this document. Partners are encouraged to use the projected achievement level in students' score reports since they reflect the specific instructional weeks set by partners.

Table 3.3. MAP Growth Cut Scores—Mathematics 6+, NC Math 1

| | NC EOC Math 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|--|--|
| | Not P | roficient | Le | vel 3 | Level 4 | | Level 5 | | | |
| Spring | 528 | 3–547 | 548 | 3–554 | 555 | 5–562 | 560 | 3–575 | | |
| | | | M | AP Growth M | lath 6+ | | | | | |
| | Not P | roficient | Le | vel 3 | Le | vel 4 | Le | vel 5 | | |
| Grade | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | | |
| Fall | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 100–232 | 1–76 | 233 –244 | 77–91 | 245–254 | 92–97 | 255–350 | 98–99 | | |
| 8 | 100–234 | 1–69 | 235 –246 | 70–87 | 247–256 | 88–94 | 257–350 | 95–99 | | |
| 9 | 100–236 | 1–69 | 237 –248 | 70–86 | 249–258 | 87–94 | 259–350 | 95–99 | | |
| 10 | 100–236 | 1–64 | 237 –248 | 65–83 | 249–258 | 84–92 | 259–350 | 93–99 | | |
| 11 | 100–237 | 1–61 | 238 –249 | 62–80 | 250–259 | 81–90 | 260–350 | 91–99 | | |
| Winter | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 100–236 | 1–75 | 237 –248 | 76–91 | 249–258 | 92–96 | 259–350 | 97–99 | | |
| 8 | 100–237 | 1–69 | 238 –249 | 70–86 | 250–259 | 87–94 | 260–350 | 95–99 | | |
| 9 | 100–238 | 1–69 | 239 –250 | 70–86 | 251–260 | 87–94 | 261–350 | 95–99 | | |
| 10 | 100–238 | 1–64 | 239 –250 | 65–82 | 251–260 | 83–92 | 261–350 | 93–99 | | |
| 11 | 100–238 | 1–59 | 239 –250 | 60–79 | 251–260 | 80–90 | 261–350 | 91–99 | | |
| Spring | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 100–239 | 1–75 | 240 –251 | 76–90 | 252–261 | 91–96 | 262–350 | 97–99 | | |
| 8 | 100–239 | 1–68 | 240 –251 | 69–85 | 252–261 | 86–93 | 262-350 | 94–99 | | |
| 9 | 100–239 | 1–68 | 240 –251 | 69–85 | 252–261 | 86–93 | 262-350 | 94–99 | | |
| 10 | 100–239 | 1–63 | 240 –251 | 64–81 | 252–261 | 82–91 | 262-350 | 92–99 | | |
| 11 | 100–239 | 1–59 | 240 –251 | 60–78 | 252–261 | 79–89 | 262–350 | 90–99 | | |

Table 3.4. MAP Growth Cut Scores—Integrated Math 1, NC Math 1

| | NC EOC Math 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|--|--|
| | Not Pi | roficient | Le | Level 3 | | Level 4 | | vel 5 | | |
| Spring | 528 | 3–547 | 548 | 548 –554 | | 555–562 | | 3–575 | | |
| | MAP Growth Integrated Math 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Not Proficient | | Level 3 | | Level 4 | | Level 5 | | | |
| | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | RIT | Percentile | | |
| Fall | 100–235 | 1–72 | 236 –246 | 73–88 | 247–258 | 89–96 | 259–350 | 97–99 | | |
| Winter | 100-238 | 1–70 | 239 –250 | 71–87 | 251–263 | 88–96 | 264–350 | 97–99 | | |
| Spring | 100-240 | 1–69 | 241 –252 | 70–86 | 253-264 | 87–95 | 265–350 | 96–99 | | |

3.4. Classification Accuracy

Table 3.5 presents the classification accuracy summary statistics, including the overall classification accuracy rate. These results indicate how well MAP Growth spring RIT scores predict proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 tests, providing insight into the predictive validity of MAP Growth. The overall classification accuracy rate is 0.78 for Mathematics 6+ and 0.82 for Integrated Math 1. These values suggest that the RIT cut scores are effective at classifying students as proficient or not proficient on the NC EOC Math 1 assessment.

Although the results show that MAP Growth scores can be used to predict student proficiency with relatively high accuracy on the NC EOC Math 1 test, there is a notable limitation to how these results should be used and interpreted. The NC EOC and MAP Growth assessments are designed for different purposes and measure slightly different constructs even within the same content area. Therefore, scores on the two tests cannot be assumed to be interchangeable. MAP Growth may not be used as a substitute for the state tests and vice versa.

Table 3.5. Classification Accuracy Results

| | | Cut Sc | ore | | Ra | te* | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------|
| Sample | N | MAP Growth | NC EOC | Class. Accuracy* | FP | FN | Sensitivity | Specificity | Precision | AUC* |
| MAP Math 6+ NC Math 1 | 2,861 | 240 | 548 | 0.78 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 0.70 | 0.83 | 0.67 | 0.86 |
| MAP Int. Math 1 NC Math 1 | 937 | 241 | 548 | 0.82 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.71 | 0.89 |

^{*}Class. Accuracy = overall classification accuracy rate. FP = false positives. FN = false negatives. AUC = area under the ROC curve.

3.5. Proficiency Projections

Table 3.6 and Table 3.7 present the estimated probability of achieving *Level 3* performance on the NC EOC Math 1 test based on RIT scores from fall, winter, or spring for each of the MAP Growth tests. Due to measurement error in all test scores, the *Level 3* MAP Growth cuts do not guarantee that a student will reach proficiency on the NC EOC Math 1 test. They instead indicate a 50% chance that a student will reach a particular performance level. Therefore, these projections further elucidate the *Level 3* cut scores by providing the likelihood of reaching proficiency on the state test in the spring at a given percentile throughout the year.

For example, the spring Grade 8 *Level 3* RIT cut score for Mathematics 6+ is 240, which indicates a 50% chance of achieving state proficiency in the spring, as shown in Table 3.6. An educator can also use this table to estimate that a Grade 8 student who obtained a MAP Growth score of 235 in the fall has a 50% probability of reaching *Level 3* or higher on the state test in the spring.

Table 3.6. Proficiency Projections based on RIT Scores—Mathematics 6+, NC Math 1

| Mathematics 6+ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|------|-------------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| | | | | Fall | | | Winter | | Spring | | | |
| | Ctant | Coordinate | Fall | Projected F | Proficiency | \A/:to | Winter Projected Proficiency | | | Projected Proficien | | |
| Grade | Start %ile* | Spring Cut | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | Spring RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | |
| | 5 | 240 | 192 | No | <0.01 | 194 | No | <0.01 | 196 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 10 | 240 | 198 | No | <0.01 | 201 | No | <0.01 | 203 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 15 | 240 | 202 | No | <0.01 | 205 | No | <0.01 | 207 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 20 | 240 | 206 | No | <0.01 | 209 | No | <0.01 | 211 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 25 | 240 | 208 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 214 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 30 | 240 | 211 | No | <0.01 | 215 | No | <0.01 | 217 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 35 | 240 | 213 | No | <0.01 | 217 | No | <0.01 | 220 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 40 | 240 | 216 | No | <0.01 | 219 | No | <0.01 | 222 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 45 | 240 | 218 | No | 0.01 | 222 | No | <0.01 | 224 | No | <0.01 | |
| 7 | 50 | 240 | 220 | No | 0.02 | 224 | No | <0.01 | 227 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 55 | 240 | 222 | No | 0.04 | 226 | No | 0.01 | 229 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 60 | 240 | 225 | No | 0.10 | 229 | No | 0.04 | 231 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 65 | 240 | 227 | No | 0.17 | 231 | No | 0.10 | 234 | No | 0.02 | |
| | 70 | 240 | 229 | No | 0.26 | 233 | No | 0.20 | 236 | No | 0.08 | |
| | 75 | 240 | 232 | No | 0.44 | 236 | No | 0.42 | 239 | No | 0.37 | |
| | 80 | 240 | 235 | Yes | 0.63 | 239 | Yes | 0.67 | 242 | Yes | 0.75 | |
| | 85 | 240 | 238 | Yes | 0.79 | 243 | Yes | 0.90 | 246 | Yes | 0.98 | |
| | 90 | 240 | 243 | Yes | 0.95 | 247 | Yes | 0.98 | 251 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 95 | 240 | 249 | Yes | >0.99 | 254 | Yes | >0.99 | 257 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 5 | 240 | 194 | No | <0.01 | 196 | No | <0.01 | 197 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 10 | 240 | 201 | No | <0.01 | 203 | No | <0.01 | 205 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 15 | 240 | 205 | No | <0.01 | 208 | No | <0.01 | 210 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 20 | 240 | 209 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 214 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 25 | 240 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 215 | No | <0.01 | 217 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 30 | 240 | 215 | No | <0.01 | 218 | No | <0.01 | 220 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 35 | 240 | 218 | No | 0.01 | 221 | No | <0.01 | 223 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 40 | 240 | 220 | No | 0.02 | 223 | No | <0.01 | 225 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 45 | 240 | 223 | No | 0.04 | 226 | No | 0.01 | 228 | No | <0.01 | |
| 8 | 50 | 240 | 225 | No | 0.07 | 228 | No | 0.02 | 230 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 55 | 240 | 227 | No | 0.12 | 231 | No | 0.07 | 233 | No | 0.01 | |
| | 60 | 240 | 230 | No | 0.24 | 233 | No | 0.15 | 235 | No | 0.04 | |
| | 65 | 240 | 232 | No | 0.33 | 236 | No | 0.34 | 238 | No | 0.25 | |
| | 70 | 240 | 235 | Yes | 0.50 | 238 | Yes | 0.50 | 241 | Yes | 0.63 | |
| | 75 | 240 | 238 | Yes | 0.67 | 241 | Yes | 0.73 | 244 | Yes | 0.92 | |
| | 80 | 240 | 241 | Yes | 0.81 | 244 | Yes | 0.89 | 247 | Yes | 0.99 | |
| | 85 | 240 | 245 | Yes | 0.93 | 248 | Yes | 0.98 | 251 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 90 | 240 | 249 | Yes | 0.98 | 253 | Yes | >0.99 | 256 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 95 | 240 | 256 | Yes | >0.99 | 260 | Yes | >0.99 | 263 | Yes | >0.99 | |

| Mathematics 6+ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|--------------|------|-------------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| | | | | Fall | | | Winter | | Spring | | | |
| | Start | Start Spring | Fall | Projected F | Proficiency | Winter | Winter Projected Proficiency | | | Projected Proficiency | | |
| Grade | %ile* | Cut | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | Spring RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | |
| | 5 | 240 | 194 | No | <0.01 | 196 | No | <0.01 | 196 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 10 | 240 | 201 | No | <0.01 | 203 | No | <0.01 | 204 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 15 | 240 | 206 | No | <0.01 | 208 | No | <0.01 | 209 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 20 | 240 | 210 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 213 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 25 | 240 | 213 | No | <0.01 | 215 | No | <0.01 | 216 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 30 | 240 | 216 | No | <0.01 | 218 | No | <0.01 | 219 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 35 | 240 | 219 | No | 0.01 | 221 | No | <0.01 | 222 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 40 | 240 | 221 | No | 0.02 | 224 | No | <0.01 | 225 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 45 | 240 | 224 | No | 0.05 | 226 | No | <0.01 | 227 | No | <0.01 | |
| 9 | 50 | 240 | 226 | No | 0.09 | 229 | No | 0.02 | 230 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 55 | 240 | 229 | No | 0.17 | 231 | No | 0.05 | 233 | No | 0.01 | |
| | 60 | 240 | 231 | No | 0.21 | 234 | No | 0.16 | 235 | No | 0.04 | |
| | 65 | 240 | 234 | No | 0.34 | 236 | No | 0.27 | 238 | No | 0.25 | |
| | 70 | 240 | 237 | Yes | 0.50 | 239 | Yes | 0.50 | 241 | Yes | 0.63 | |
| | 75 | 240 | 240 | Yes | 0.66 | 242 | Yes | 0.73 | 244 | Yes | 0.92 | |
| | 80 | 240 | 243 | Yes | 0.79 | 246 | Yes | 0.92 | 247 | Yes | 0.99 | |
| | 85 | 240 | 247 | Yes | 0.91 | 249 | Yes | 0.98 | 251 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 90 | 240 | 252 | Yes | 0.98 | 254 | Yes | >0.99 | 256 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 95 | 240 | 259 | Yes | >0.99 | 262 | Yes | >0.99 | 264 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 5 | 240 | 196 | No | <0.01 | 197 | No | <0.01 | 197 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 10 | 240 | 203 | No | <0.01 | 205 | No | <0.01 | 205 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 15 | 240 | 208 | No | <0.01 | 210 | No | <0.01 | 210 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 20 | 240 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 214 | No | <0.01 | 215 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 25 | 240 | 215 | No | <0.01 | 217 | No | <0.01 | 218 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 30 | 240 | 218 | No | 0.01 | 220 | No | <0.01 | 221 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 35 | 240 | 221 | No | 0.01 | 223 | No | <0.01 | 224 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 40 | 240 | 224 | No | 0.04 | 226 | No | <0.01 | 227 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 45 | 240 | 227 | No | 0.09 | 229 | No | 0.02 | 230 | No | <0.01 | |
| 10 | 50 | 240 | 229 | No | 0.14 | 231 | No | 0.05 | 232 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 55 | 240 | 232 | No | 0.25 | 234 | No | 0.16 | 235 | No | 0.04 | |
| | 60 | 240 | 234 | No | 0.34 | 236 | No | 0.27 | 238 | No | 0.25 | |
| | 65 | 240 | 237 | Yes | 0.50 | 239 | Yes | 0.50 | 241 | Yes | 0.63 | |
| | 70 | 240 | 240 | Yes | 0.66 | 242 | Yes | 0.73 | 244 | Yes | 0.92 | |
| | 75 | 240 | 243 | Yes | 0.79 | 245 | Yes | 0.89 | 247 | Yes | 0.99 | |
| | 80 | 240 | 246 | Yes | 0.89 | 249 | Yes | 0.98 | 250 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 85 | 240 | 250 | Yes | 0.96 | 253 | Yes | >0.99 | 254 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 90 | 240 | 255 | Yes | 0.99 | 258 | Yes | >0.99 | 260 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 95 | 240 | 262 | Yes | >0.99 | 265 | Yes | >0.99 | 267 | Yes | >0.99 | |

| Mathematics 6+ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|--------|------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | | | Fall | | | Winter | | Spring | | | |
| | Start | Spring | Fall | Projected F | Proficiency | Winter | Projected F | Proficiency | Spring | Projected I | Proficiency | |
| Grade | %ile* | Cut | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | |
| | 5 | 240 | 198 | No | <0.01 | 199 | No | <0.01 | 199 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 10 | 240 | 205 | No | <0.01 | 207 | No | <0.01 | 207 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 15 | 240 | 210 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 20 | 240 | 214 | No | <0.01 | 216 | No | <0.01 | 216 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 25 | 240 | 218 | No | 0.01 | 219 | No | <0.01 | 220 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 30 | 240 | 221 | No | 0.03 | 223 | No | <0.01 | 223 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 35 | 240 | 224 | No | 0.06 | 225 | No | <0.01 | 226 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 40 | 240 | 227 | No | 0.12 | 228 | No | 0.02 | 229 | No | <0.01 | |
| | 45 | 240 | 229 | No | 0.17 | 231 | No | 0.06 | 232 | No | <0.01 | |
| 11 | 50 | 240 | 232 | No | 0.27 | 233 | No | 0.13 | 234 | No | 0.02 | |
| | 55 | 240 | 234 | No | 0.32 | 236 | No | 0.28 | 237 | No | 0.15 | |
| | 60 | 240 | 237 | No | 0.45 | 239 | Yes | 0.50 | 240 | Yes | 0.50 | |
| | 65 | 240 | 240 | Yes | 0.59 | 242 | Yes | 0.72 | 243 | Yes | 0.85 | |
| | 70 | 240 | 243 | Yes | 0.73 | 244 | Yes | 0.83 | 246 | Yes | 0.98 | |
| | 75 | 240 | 246 | Yes | 0.83 | 248 | Yes | 0.96 | 249 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 80 | 240 | 249 | Yes | 0.91 | 251 | Yes | 0.99 | 252 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 85 | 240 | 253 | Yes | 0.96 | 255 | Yes | >0.99 | 257 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 90 | 240 | 258 | Yes | 0.99 | 260 | Yes | >0.99 | 262 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| | 95 | 240 | 266 | Yes | >0.99 | 268 | Yes | >0.99 | 270 | Yes | >0.99 | |

^{*%}tile = Percentile.

Table 3.7. Proficiency Projections based on RIT Scores—Integrated Math 1, NC Math 1

| Mathematics 6+ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|--------|----------------------|-------|--------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| | | | Fall | | | Winter | | Spring | | | |
| Start | Spring Fall | | Projected Proficiency | | Winter | Winter Projected Pro | | Spring | Projected Proficiency | | |
| %ile* | Cut | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | RIT | Level 3 | Prob. | |
| 5 | 241 | 196 | No | <0.01 | 197 | No | <0.01 | 198 | No | <0.01 | |
| 10 | 241 | 202 | No | <0.01 | 204 | No | <0.01 | 205 | No | <0.01 | |
| 15 | 241 | 207 | No | <0.01 | 209 | No | <0.01 | 210 | No | <0.01 | |
| 20 | 241 | 210 | No | <0.01 | 212 | No | <0.01 | 214 | No | <0.01 | |
| 25 | 241 | 213 | No | <0.01 | 216 | No | <0.01 | 217 | No | <0.01 | |
| 30 | 241 | 216 | No | 0.01 | 218 | No | <0.01 | 220 | No | <0.01 | |
| 35 | 241 | 218 | No | 0.01 | 221 | No | 0.01 | 223 | No | <0.01 | |
| 40 | 241 | 221 | No | 0.04 | 224 | No | 0.02 | 226 | No | <0.01 | |
| 45 | 241 | 223 | No | 0.06 | 226 | No | 0.03 | 228 | No | <0.01 | |
| 50 | 241 | 225 | No | 0.09 | 228 | No | 0.06 | 231 | No | <0.01 | |
| 55 | 241 | 227 | No | 0.14 | 231 | No | 0.13 | 233 | No | 0.01 | |
| 60 | 241 | 230 | No | 0.23 | 233 | No | 0.20 | 236 | No | 0.08 | |
| 65 | 241 | 232 | No | 0.31 | 236 | No | 0.34 | 238 | No | 0.20 | |
| 70 | 241 | 235 | No | 0.45 | 238 | No | 0.44 | 241 | Yes | 0.50 | |
| 75 | 241 | 237 | Yes | 0.55 | 241 | Yes | 0.61 | 244 | Yes | 0.80 | |
| 80 | 241 | 240 | Yes | 0.69 | 244 | Yes | 0.76 | 247 | Yes | 0.96 | |
| 85 | 241 | 244 | Yes | 0.83 | 248 | Yes | 0.90 | 251 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| 90 | 241 | 248 | Yes | 0.94 | 253 | Yes | 0.97 | 256 | Yes | >0.99 | |
| 95 | 241 | 255 | Yes | 0.99 | 260 | Yes | >0.99 | 263 | Yes | >0.99 | |

^{*%}tile = Percentile.

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